

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Past Use

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理论上的过往专利使用债务 (“PUTL”)
根据预设的专利许可费率来确定被许可人 理论上
的过往专利使用债务金额

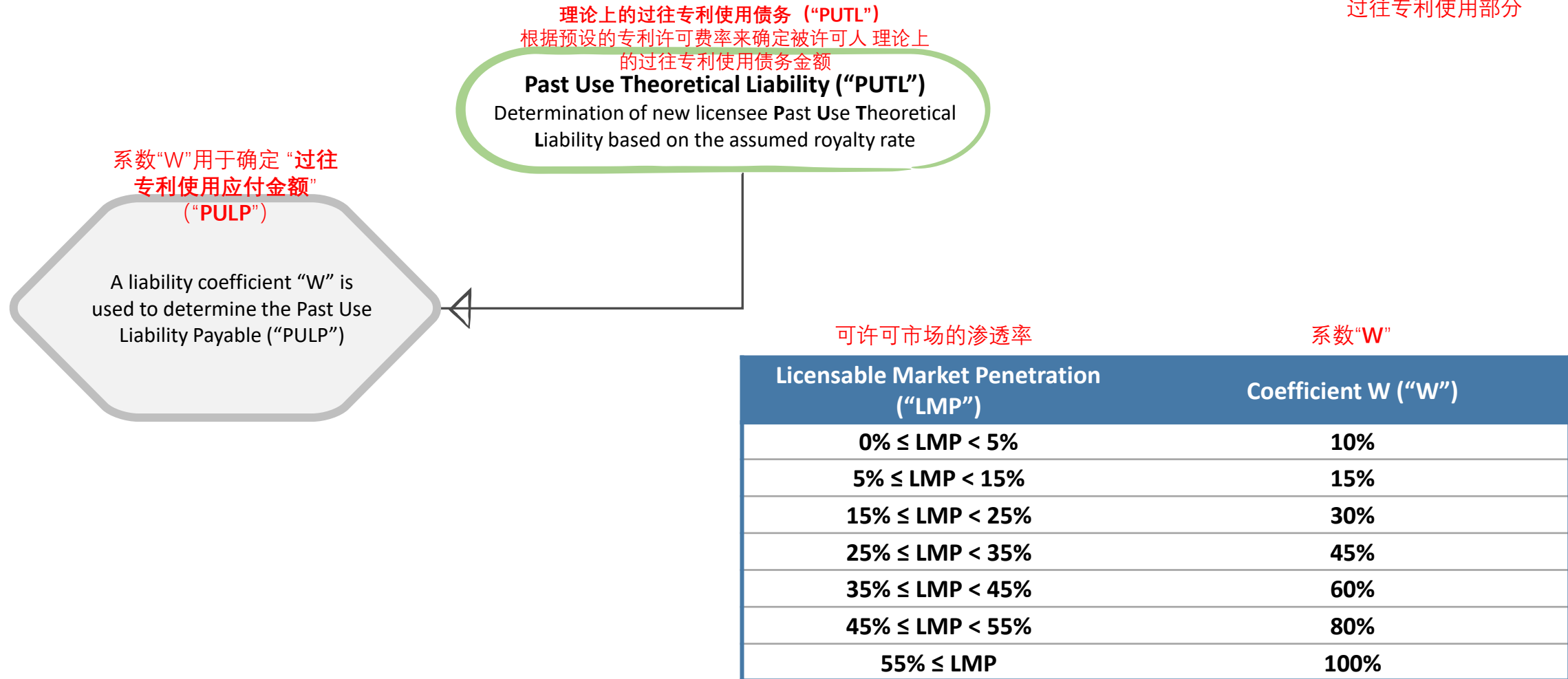
Past Use Theoretical Liability (“PUTL”)

Determination of new licensee Past Use Theoretical
Liability based on the assumed royalty rate

过往专利使用部分

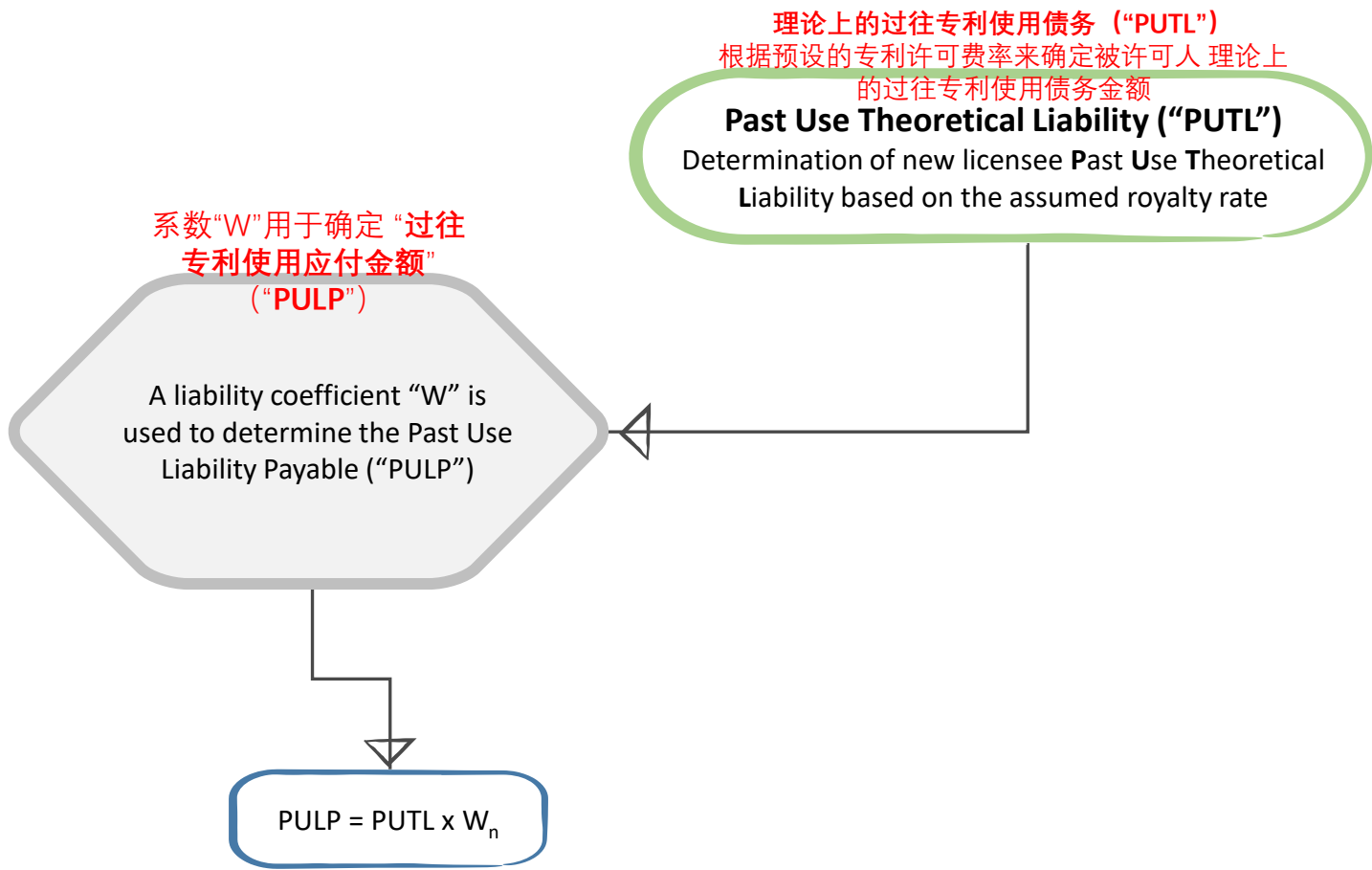
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Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Past Use

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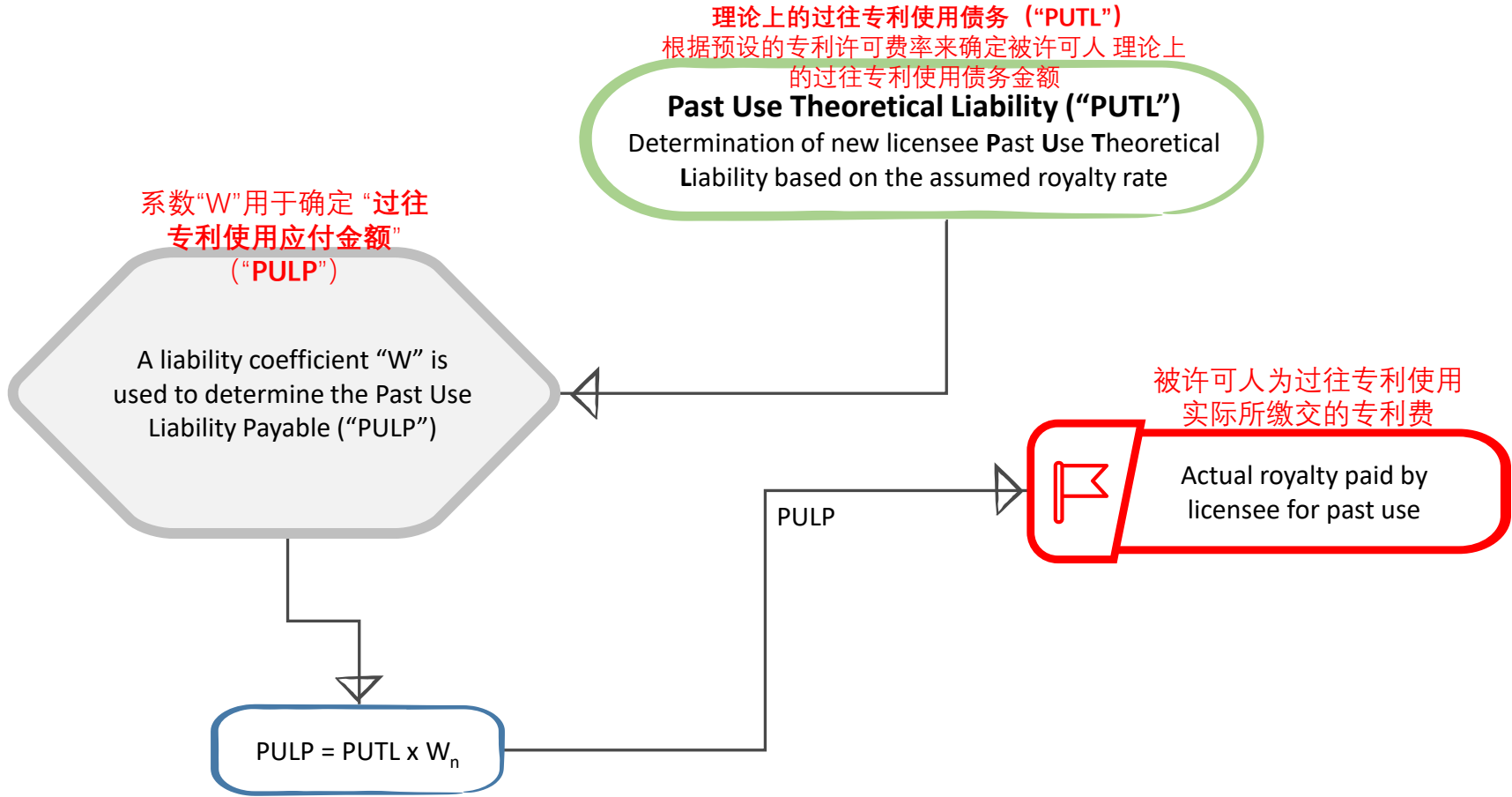


过往专利使用部分

过往专利使用部分

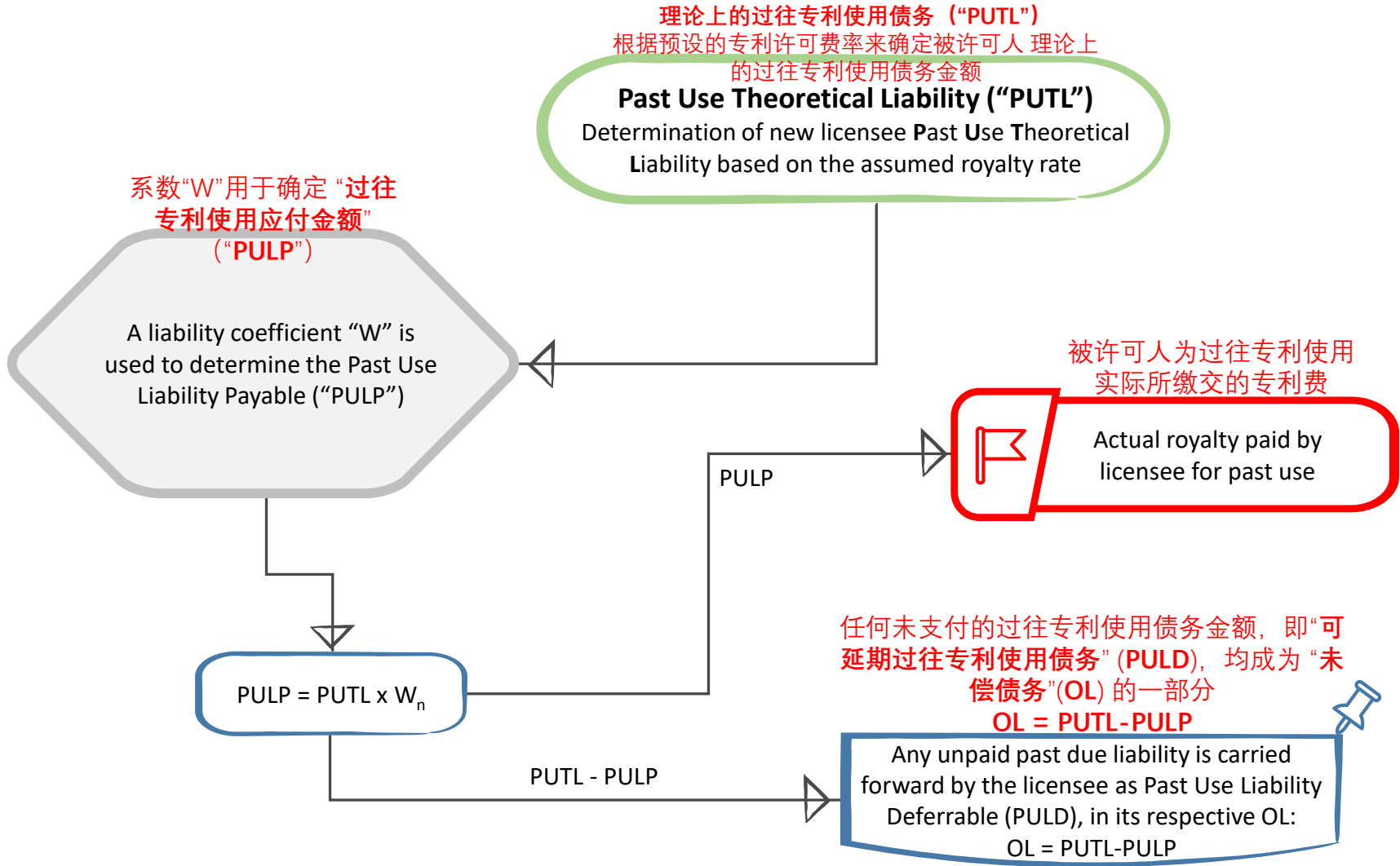
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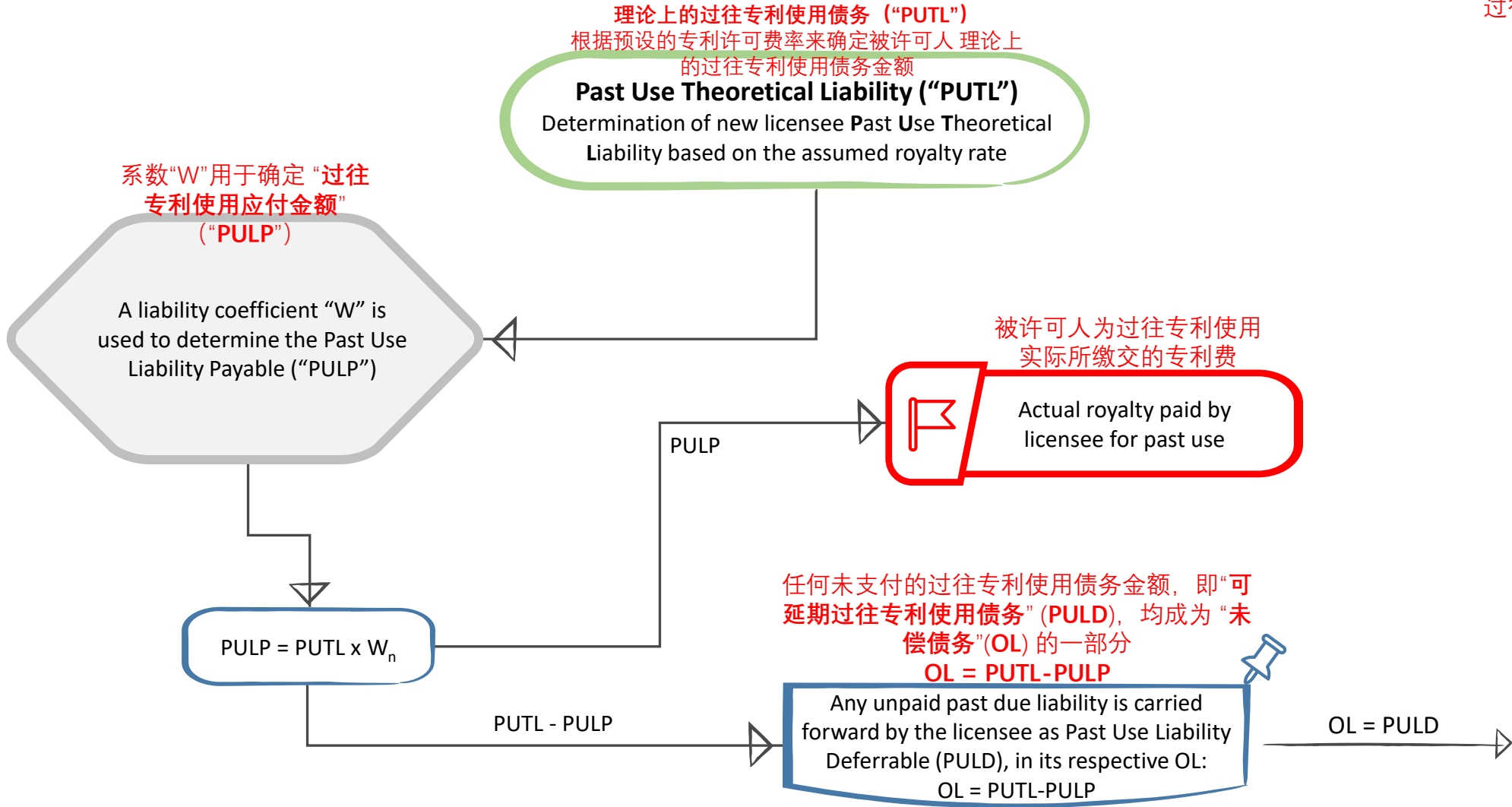
Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Past Use

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Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Past Use

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Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

理论上的计量专利使用债务 (“RRTL”)
每个季度基于预设的许可费率来确定

Running Royalty Theoretical Liability (“RRTL”)
based on the assumed royalty rate is determined in each
quarter

计量许可

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

系数“W” 每季度确定一次。
W 用于确定“计量专利使用应付金额”
 (“RRP”) 和“可延期计量专利使用金
额” (“RRD”)

理论上的计量专利使用债务 (“RRTL”)
每个季度基于预设的许可费率来确定

Running Royalty Theoretical Liability (“RRTL”)
based on the assumed royalty rate is determined in each
quarter

A liability coefficient “W” is
determined quarterly. W is used
to determine both Running
Royalty Payable (“RRP”) and
Running Royalty Deferrable
 (“RRD”)

可许可市场的渗透率

系数“W”

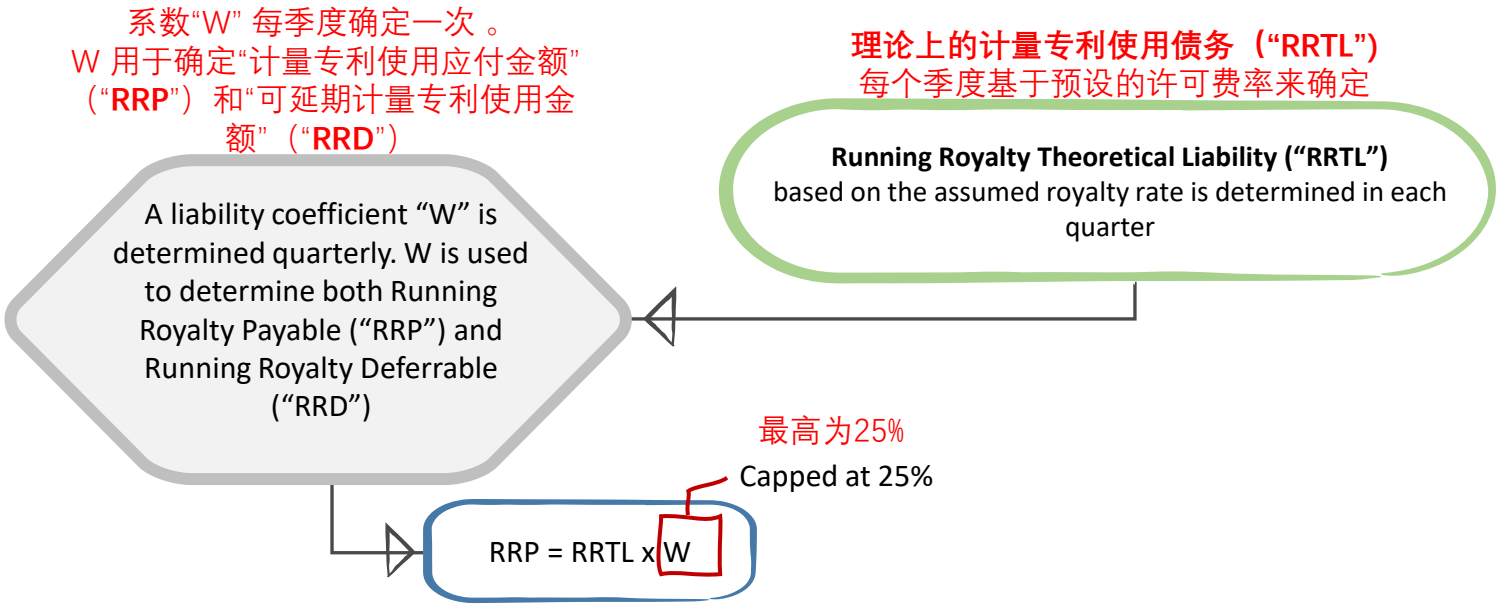
Licensable Market Penetration (“LMP”)	Coefficient W (“W”)
0% ≤ LMP < 5%	10%
5% ≤ LMP < 15%	15%
15% ≤ LMP < 25%	30%
25% ≤ LMP < 35%	45%
35% ≤ LMP < 45%	60%
45% ≤ LMP < 55%	80%
55% ≤ LMP	100%

计量许可

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

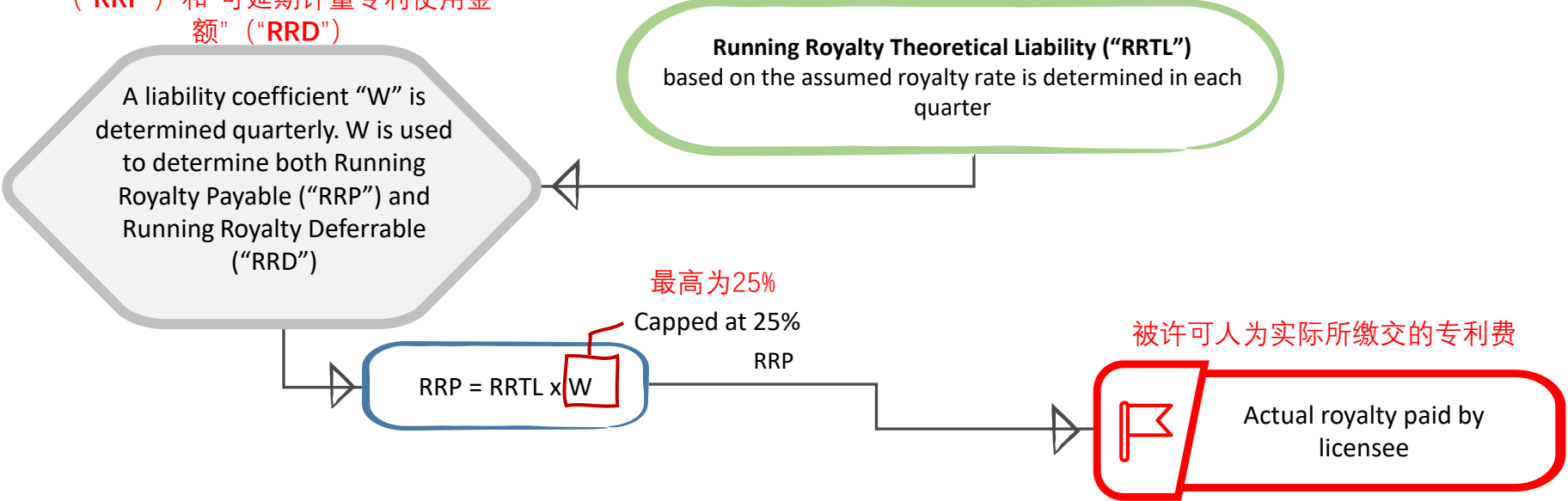


Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

计量许可

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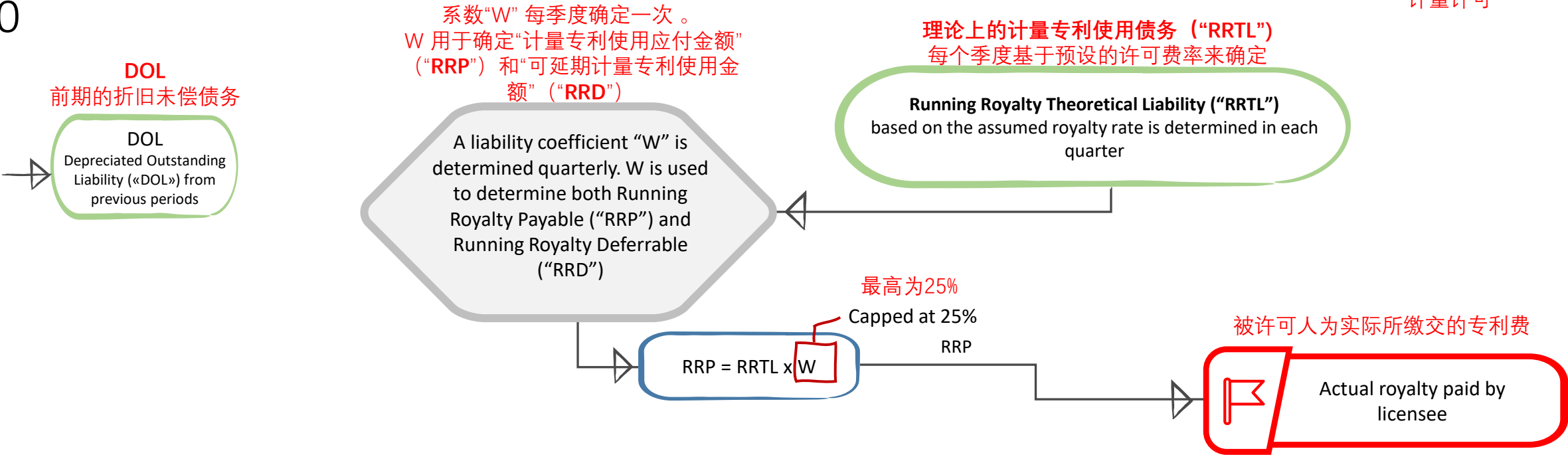


计量许可

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

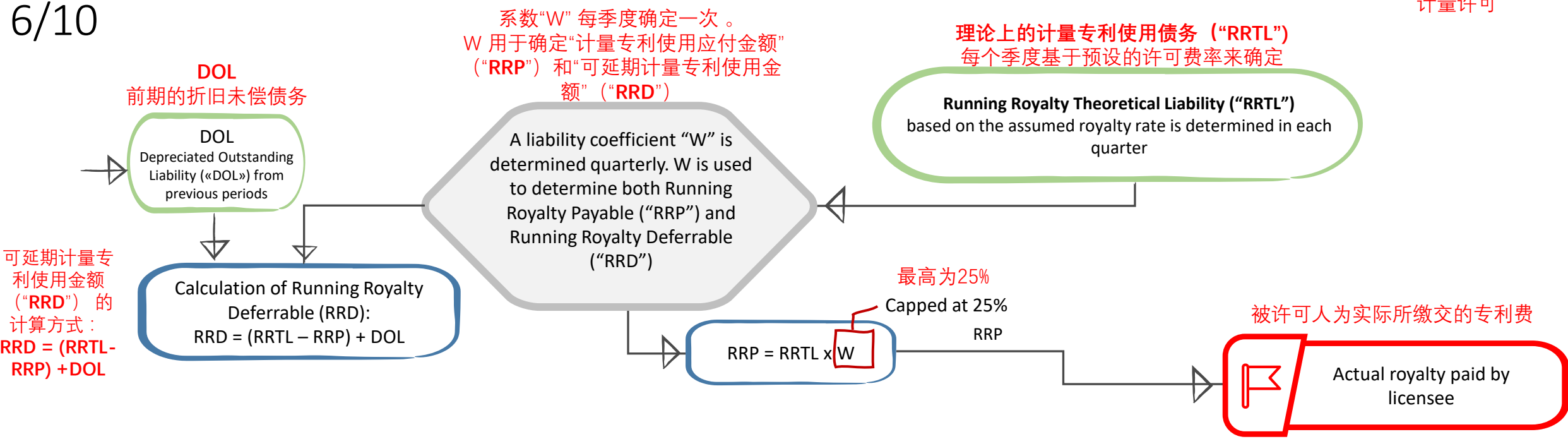


计量许可

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

计量许可

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计量许可

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

DOL
前期的折旧未偿债务

系数“W” 每季度确定一次。
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A liability coefficient “W” is
determined quarterly. W is used
to determine both Running
Royalty Payable (“RRP”) and
Running Royalty Deferrable
 (“RRD”)

Calculation of Running Royalty
Deferrable (RRD):
 $RRD = (RRTL - RRP) + DOL$

Each quarter the portion of RRD
due (“OLD” or “Outstanding
Liability Due”) is determined as:
 $OLD = RRD \times W$

最高为25%
Capped at 25%
RRP

$$RRP = RRTL \times W$$

被许可人为实际所缴交的专利费

Actual royalty paid by
licensee

可延期计量专
利使用金额
 (“RRD”) 的
计算方式：
 $RRD = (RRTL -$
 $RRP) + DOL$

每季度到期的
RRD 部分
 (“OLD”或“到期
未偿债务”) 为：
 $OLD = RRD \times$
 W

* The difference between RRD and OLD is deferred

* RRD 和 OLD 之间的差异被延期 计量许可

Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

DOL
前期的折旧未偿债务

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 (“RRD”)

DOL
Depreciated Outstanding
Liability («DOL») from
previous periods

Calculation of Running Royalty
Deferrable (RRD):
 $RRD = (RRTL - RRP) + DOL$

Each quarter the portion of RRD
due (“OLD” or “Outstanding
Liability Due”) is determined as:
 $OLD = RRD \times W^*$

Deferred amount:
 $OL = RRD - OLD$

延期金额: $OL = RRD - OLD$

$RRP = RRTL \times W$

最高为25%
Capped at 25%
RRP

被许可人为实际所缴交的专利费

Actual royalty paid by
licensee

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 (“RRD”) 的
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Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

DOL
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最高为25%
Capped at 25%

$$RRP = RRTL \times W$$

RRP

被许可人为实际所缴交的专利费

Actual royalty paid by licensee

Each quarter the portion of RRD due (“OLD” or “Outstanding Liability Due”) is determined as:
 $OLD = RRD \times W^*$

OLD is reduced by coefficient Y obtaining the Outstanding Liability Payable (OLP). Y is based on the number of consecutive quarters of license under LIFT with a coefficient of 2% yearly (0.5% quarterly)

未偿应付专利使用债务 (“OLP”) 为 OLD 根据系数 Y 折扣而得出。
基于 LIFT 框架下连续获得许可季度的数目，系数 Y 为每年 2% (每季度 0.5%)。

Deferred amount:

$$OL = RRD - OLD$$

延期金额: $OL = RRD - OLD$

可延期计量专利使用金额 (“RRD”) 的计算方式:
 $RRD = (RRTL - RRP) + DOL$

每季度到期的 RRD 部分 (“OLD”或“到期未偿债务”) 为:
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Licensing Incentive Framework for Technologies (“LIFT”): Running

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计量许可

DOL
前期的折旧未偿债务

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RRP

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OLP

Actual royalty paid by licensee

Deferred amount:

$$OL = RRD - OLD$$

延期金额: $OL = RRD - OLD$

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